

Anticancer Screening Library

Search for chemotherapeutic cancer treatment is one of the most acute problems of modern pharmacology. To pursue this issue Life Chemicals has prepared its Anticancer Library using similarity search within its proprietary stock collection of HTS compounds against publicly available databases (ChEMBL and BindingDB) of the compounds possessing antitumor activity.

The Life Chemicals HTS Compound Collection was screened against 12,000 reference compounds with assigned activity values lower than 10 mM. Similarity search and 80 % similarity cut-off (Tanimoto) and PAINS / reactive group filtration gave over **1,500** compounds with potential inhibitory activity against the following cell lines*:

<i>3LL</i>	<i>HONE1</i>	<i>NCI/ADR-RES</i>
<i>A253</i>	<i>HT-29</i>	<i>NCI-H157</i>
<i>A-375</i>	<i>Human T-cell line</i>	<i>NCI-H2009</i>
<i>A549</i>	<i>Jurkat</i>	<i>NCI-H460</i>
<i>AGS</i>	<i>K562</i>	<i>NUGC-3</i>
<i>B16-F10</i>	<i>KB</i>	<i>P388</i>
<i>BC1</i>	<i>KU812</i>	<i>Panel leukemia (Carcinoma cell lines)</i>
<i>Bel-7402</i>	<i>KYSE-150</i>	<i>Panel NCI-60 (60 carcinoma cell lines)</i>
<i>BGC-823</i>	<i>KYSE-70</i>	<i>PC-3</i>
<i>CCRF-CEM</i>	<i>Leukemia 60 cell line</i>	<i>SF-268</i>
<i>CHRC5</i>	<i>Lewis lung carcinoma cell line</i>	<i>SF-295</i>
<i>DU-145</i>	<i>LNCaP</i>	<i>SH-SY5Y</i>
<i>Fibrosarcoma cell line</i>	<i>LoVo</i>	<i>SK-MEL-5</i>
<i>HBL-100</i>	<i>LOX IMVI</i>	<i>SK-OV-3</i>
<i>HCC 2998</i>	<i>Lung cancer cell line</i>	<i>T-24</i>
<i>HCT-116</i>	<i>LXF-289</i>	<i>T98G</i>
<i>HeLa</i>	<i>M14</i>	<i>THP-1</i>
<i>Hepatoblastoma cell line</i>	<i>MCF7</i>	<i>TK-10</i>
<i>HepG2</i>	<i>MDA-MB-231</i>	<i>U-937</i>
<i>HL-60</i>	<i>Melanoma tumor cell line</i>	<i>UO-31</i>
<i>HNO 97</i>	<i>MOLT-4</i>	

Also was searched for compounds similar to each of the known compounds related to different targets using the 80 % similarity cut-off (Tanimoto) on MDL public keys fingerprints reducing their variety. As a result, around **4,800** compounds, of the following Anticancer Screening Library targets* were produced:

- Anoctamin-1
- ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 2
- Beta-hexosaminidase subunit beta
- Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein
- Bromodomain testis-specific protein
- Cyclin-dependent kinase 2-associated protein 1
- L-type amino acid transporter 3
- Lysine-specific demethylase 5B
- MAP kinase p38 alpha
- Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 8
- Mixed lineage kinase 7
- Nuclear receptor coactivator 3
- PDZ-binding kinase
- Serine/threonine-protein kinase WNK2

All PAINS, toxic and reactive compounds are excluded from the library, Ro5 compliance is indicated.

**The results could be traced back to the specific cell lines or single targets (indicated in the column “Target type” within the corresponding sdf file).*

References

1. Ackova DG, Smilkov K, Bosnakovski D. Contemporary Formulations for Drug Delivery of Anticancer Bioactive Compounds // Recent Pat Anticancer Drug Discov. 2019;14(1):19-31.
2. Geromichalos GD, Alifieris CE, Geromichalou EG, Trafalis DT. Overview on the current status of virtual high-throughput screening and combinatorial chemistry approaches in multi-target anticancer drug discovery; Part I // J BUON. 2016 Jul-Aug;21(4):764-779; Part II // J BUON. 2016;21(6):1337-1358.
3. Hameed R, Khan A, Khan S, Perveen S. Computational Approaches Towards Kinases as Attractive Targets for Anticancer Drug Discovery and Development // Anticancer Agents Med Chem. 2019;19(5):592-598.